Sous Vide Times and Temperatures

Stick it on the fridge and share it with your friends: Behold, our guide to preparing all your favorite foods—from juicy pork chops to tender green vegetables—exactly the way you like them.

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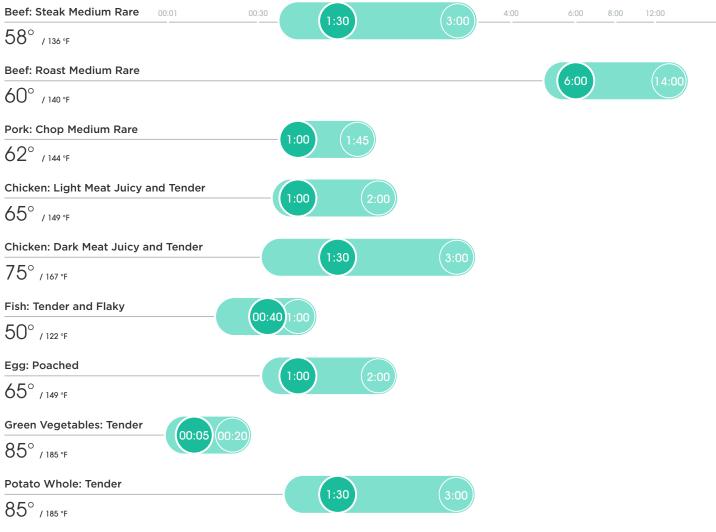
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Key





The Basics



Beef

Steaks include tender beef cuts like New York strip, rib eye, sirloin, etc. When cooking whole beef roasts, such as prime rib, we opt for a slightly higher temperature for a nice, fork-tender texture.

Pork

Use this time-and-temp combo for anything marked chop or loin—whether it's bone-in or boneless, fatty or lean. The meat will be juicy and tender, with a blush of rosy color.

Chicken

Cooked at 65 °C / 149 °F, light-meat pieces will emerge juicy and tender. Be sure to take them out of the bath before the two-hour mark, after that the texture becomes too soft, and will lack the yielding quality we expect from poultry.

Fish

50 °C / 122 °F is the magic number for almost any type of fish you'll be cooking, from salmon to cod to halibut to snapper to branzino. For even cooking, portion fish into individual servings before packaging.

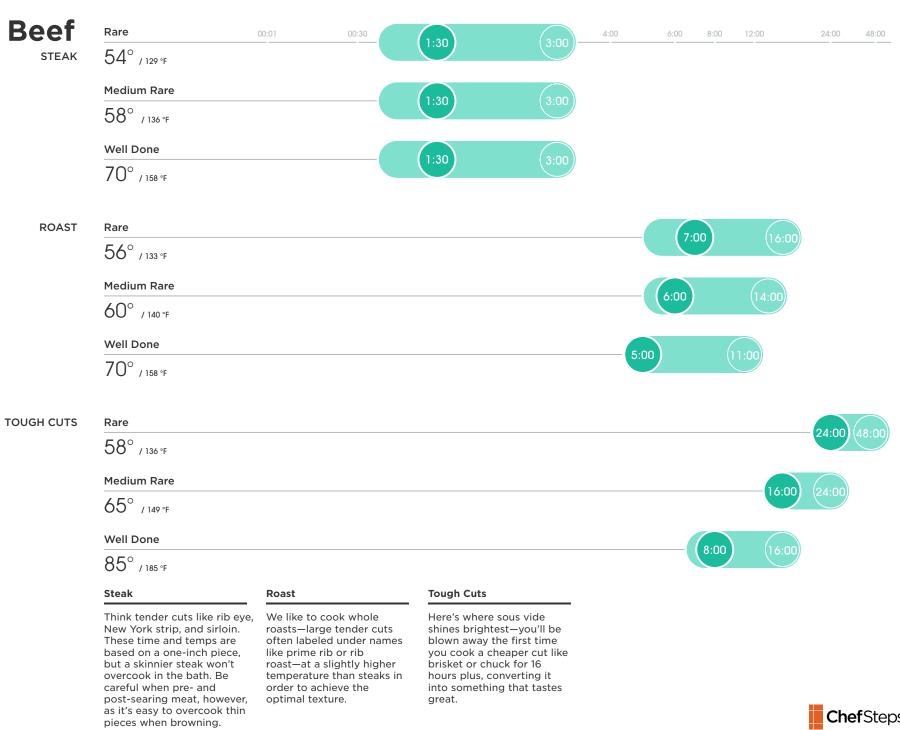
Vegetables

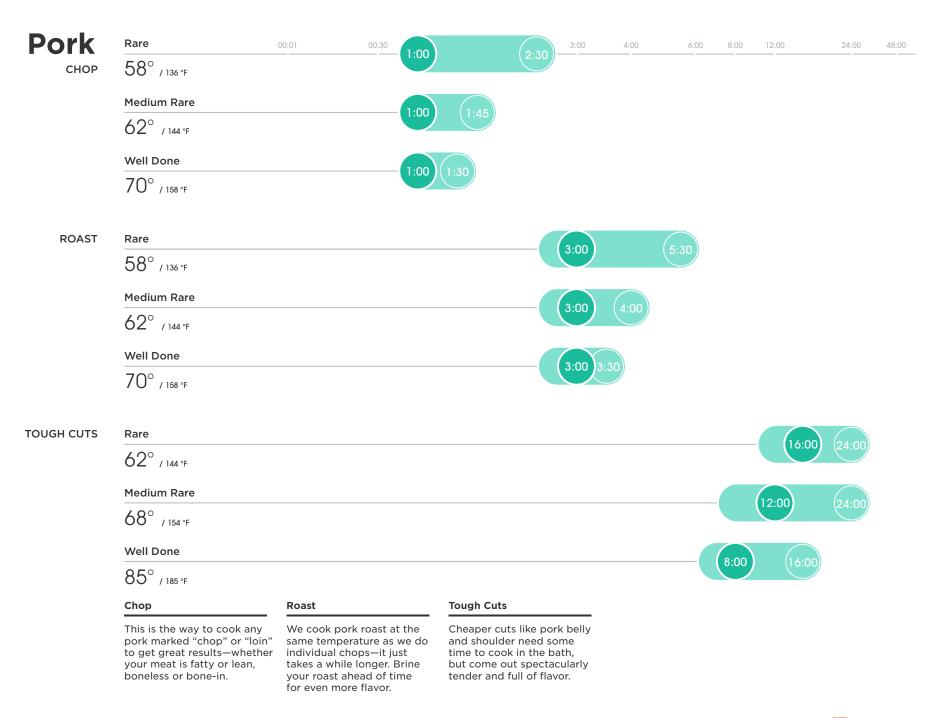
Green vegetables reach their optimal texture—softened, but still crunchy—at 5 minutes. After about 20 minutes, they will begin to lose their vibrant hue.

24:00

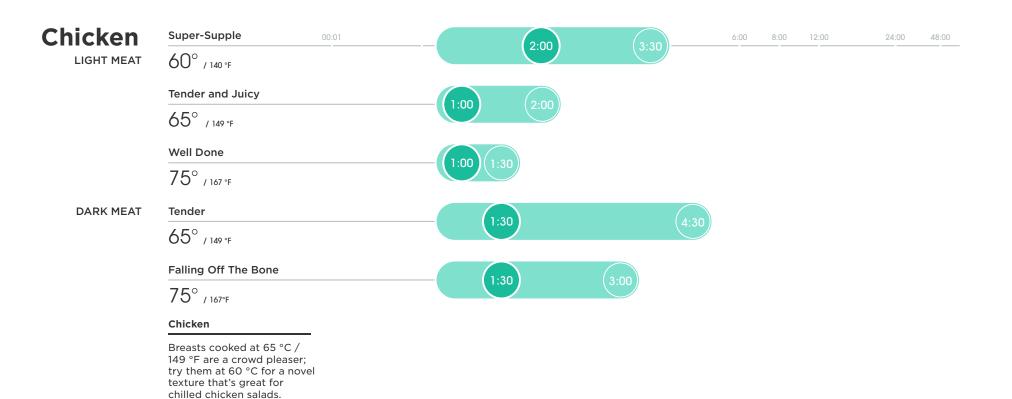
48:00











Fish

Tender 00:01 2:00 3:00 4:00 6:00 8:00 12:00 24:00 48:00 40° / 104°F Tender and Flaky 50° / 122 °F Well Done 60° _{/ 140 °F} Fish

As a rule, we cook fish at 50 °C / 122 °F to get that great combination of tender and flaky. This works for most fish. You can cook several pieces in the same bag, but remember to portion before you package; whole fish won't cook evenly.

Note: Cook times are based on filets that are about 1.5 inches thick. When preparing thinner pieces—from the tail, say—you may want to take fish out about 10 minutes early. If you've got a fat guy, you may need to tack on 10 or so minutes to the total time. Feel free to check as you go; you can always toss fish back in the bath and keep cooking.



Vegetables



Root Vegetables

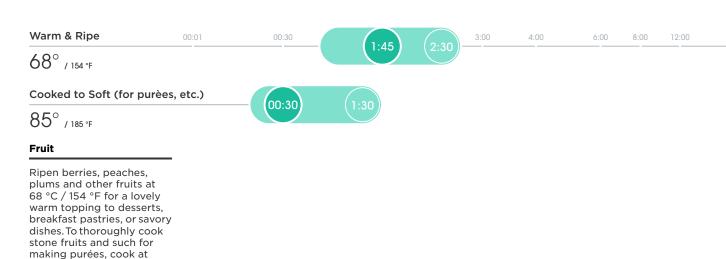
85 °C / 185 °F.

While this time and temp combo will work for a variety of root vegetables, keep in mind that the results can vary depending on the source of the veg. The woody carrots you find at a lot of supermarkets, for instance, will soften way slower than organic, farmer's market fare.

Green Vegetables

Cooked at 85 °C / 185 °F, vegetables will take on a lovely crunchy texture and stay that way. After about 20 minutes, however, they'll begin to lose their vibrant green color and grow darker—the sooner you take them out, the prettier they'll be.

Fruit





24:00

48:00